

Introductions





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A logistics engineering consultancy focussed on design and analytics.

www.studiologistic.com



Overview



What is Industry 4.0?



Cyber-physical systems (CPS)



Internet of Things (IoT)



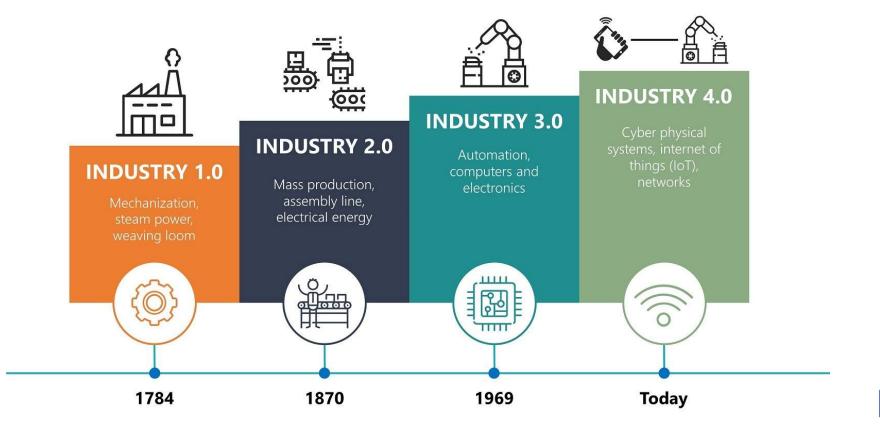
On demand availability of computer system resources



Cognitive Computing



History of Industries





Cyberphysical example: Uber

Uber Information System Actors



Other Road

Users



Uber Platform

Roads



Uber Customers













Cyberphysical example: Uber



Key enablers

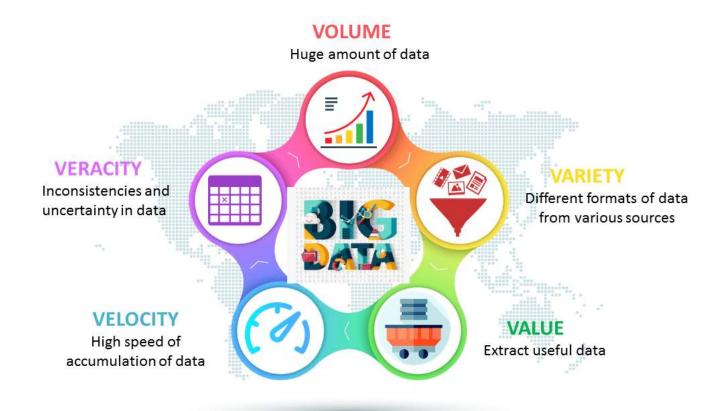
- Widespread smartphone ownership
- Connectivity everywhere (high availability, low cost)
- Google maps API
- Routefinding
- Predictive demand analytics & load balancing

Key features

- Better service levels
- High asset utilisation
- Lower cost

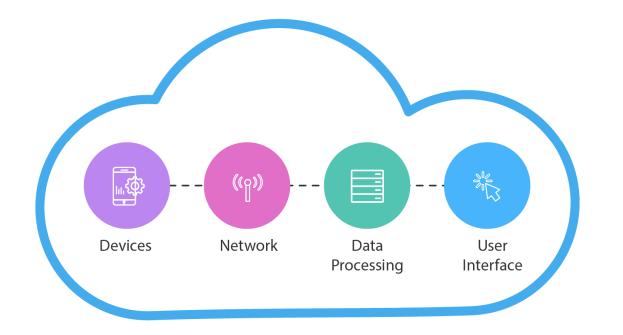


Feature: Big Data





Feature: Industrial IoT (IIoT)



Key features:

- Massive numbers of cheap, connected, long lasting sensors
- Enabled by low energy networking and cheap data processing / storage.
- On site (edge) or cloud based data processing.



Sensors



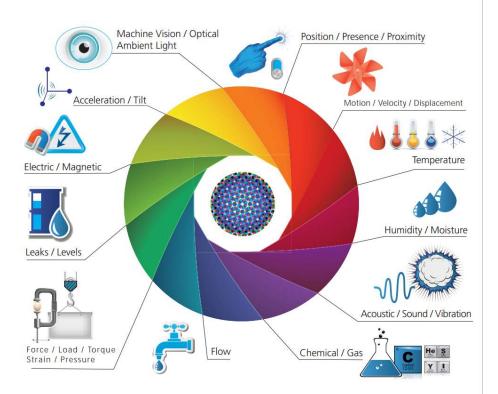
Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) Beacon

- Temp sensor
- Up to 500m range
- 19 years battery
- IP68
- 57mm diam x 18mm



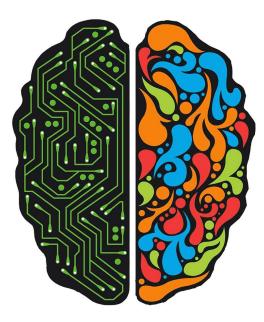
Sigfox Beacon

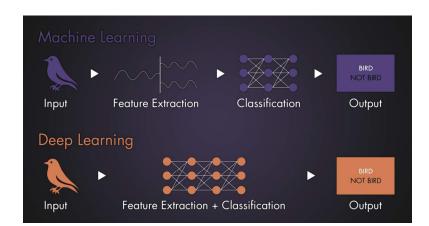
- GPS geolocation
- Accelerometer
- 3 years replaceable battery
- 57mm diam x 18mm





Feature: Automation, AI, Machine Learning





Key features:

- Amazing at pattern recognition
- Can process vast amounts of information quickly
- Can forecast outcomes
 in real time

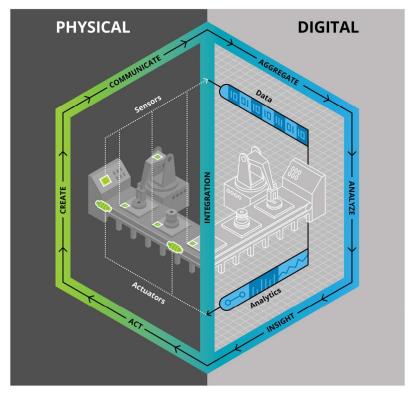


Feature: Smart Factory



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Feature: Digital Twins



Key features:

- Storing vastly more data about physical components
- Realtime connectivity of digital to physical
- Digital twin can query / intervene in real world

Source: Deloitte University Press.

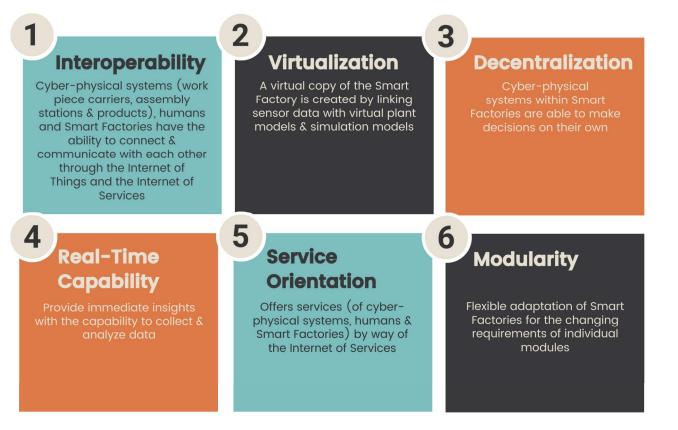
Deloitte University Press | dupress.deloitte.com



4.0 In Summary

Industry 4.0 is based on six design principles.

These principles support companies in identifying and implementing Industry 4.0 scenarios.



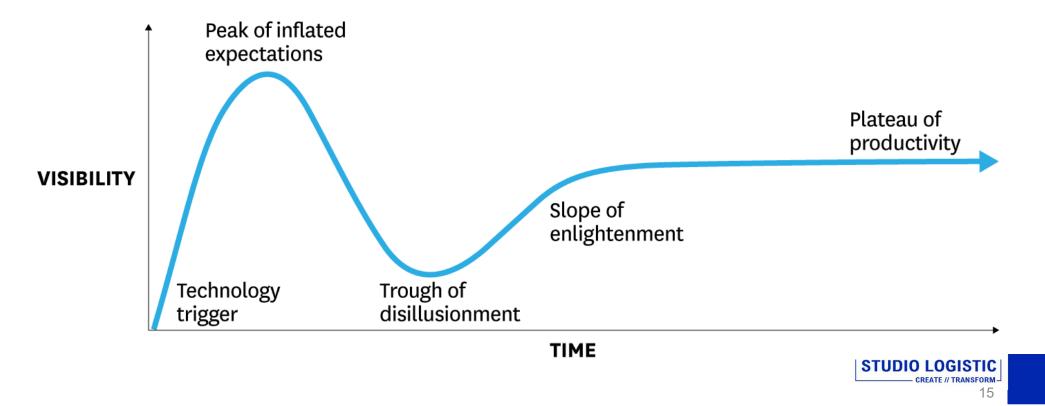
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Where are we?

Hype Cycle for Emerging Technologies



Practical: Realtime Order Management

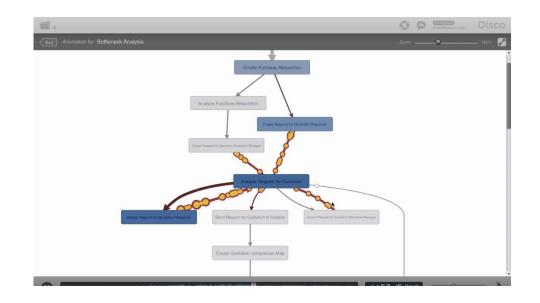
- WMS / WES functionality to reprioritise the order queue using realtime data and predictive/cognitive analytics
- E.g. based on traffic patterns, news events, weather, supply chain partner operations.





Practical: Process Mining

- Tools that harvest process data and highlight the issues
- E.g. pull out process pathways, events or resources that contribute to delay or bottleneck.
- Can be used to create a digital twin of a business process.
- Simulation and predictive analytics can then interact with it.

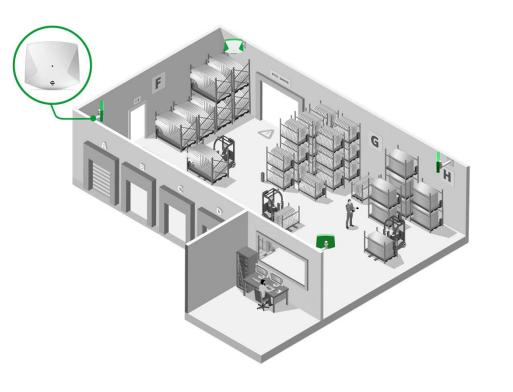


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Practical: Realtime Location Systems

- Measure and log the location of *anything* in the supply chain in real time.
- E.g. forklifts, containers, trucks, pallets, SSCCs.
- Analytics for congestion, velocity, proximity. In real time.
- Recent example: contact tracing for COVID



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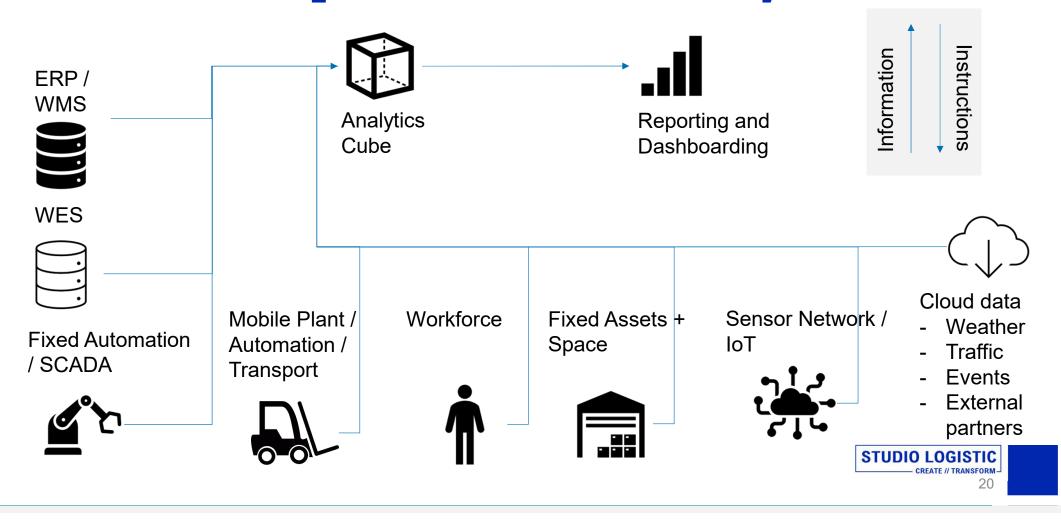
Practical: Generational Design

- AI / ML driven design technology integrated into CAD/BIM technology
- Optimises spatial design to set criteria.

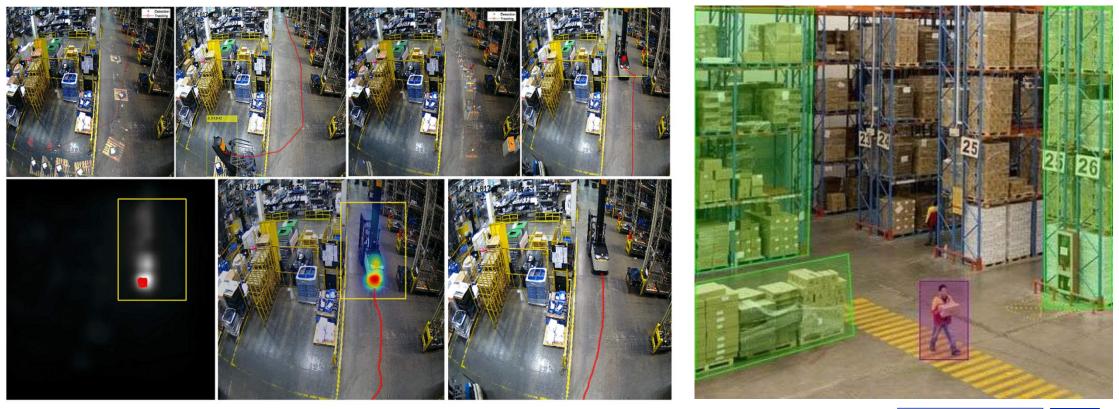




Practical: Operations IIoT Analytics



Practical: Vision Systems





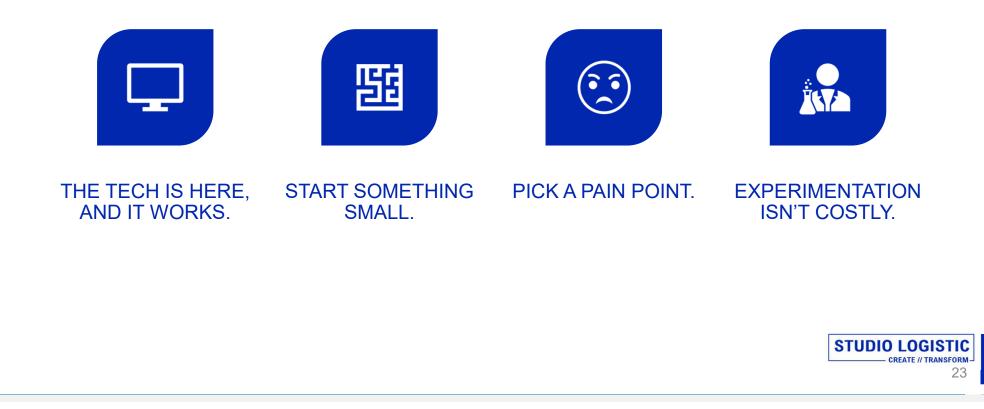
Practical: Cognitive Robotics



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Key takeaways

- Guess what?
- Powerpoint generated this slide layout and images for me...
- ...from bullet points.



Questions?

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